

RED ANGUS SOCIETY OF AUSTRALIA INCORPORATED

REGULATIONS

1. INTRODUCTION

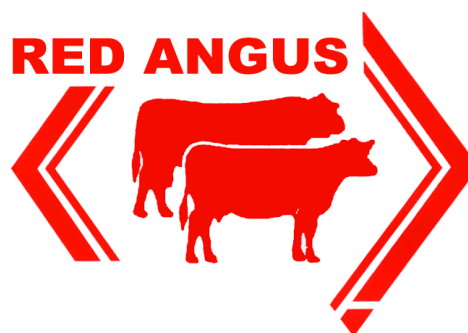
These Regulations will take effect as of from **30th May 2018**

The Regulations may be amended from time to time by resolution passed at a meeting of the Council by a majority of at least three quarters of the Councilors present and voting. Such amendments will take effect from the first day of January in the following year, unless the amending resolution states otherwise.

2 MEMBERSHIP

The Red Angus Society recognizes four categories of membership:

- a) **Honorary Life Members**
- b) **Full Members**
- c) **Junior Members**
- d) **Commercial Members**



- 2.1 Applications for the registration of Red Angus cattle shall be accepted from Honorary Life, Full Financial Members and Financial Junior Members of the Society Inc.
- 2.2 Applications for membership must be submitted on a Membership Application Form together with the prescribed annual subscription fee. A Joining Fee is payable for new members who wish to record animals. Membership subscription and joining fees are not refundable.
- 2.3 Membership applications must include a membership name, which may be an individual, partnership or company. At least one authorized signatory must be nominated for each membership.
- 2.4 The tattoo mark will be either the Herd Identified code or approved Symbol tattoo recorded with the Society.
- 2.5 The member may inactivate memberships upon written request. Inactive members may reinstate their membership by paying the current years membership fees and any existing debts owing to the Society.
- 2.6 Membership may be suspended or cancelled if the member is charged with misconduct, misrepresentation, fraud or willful violation of the Memorandum and Articles of Association or the Regulations of the Society.

2.7 Junior Membership:

- 2.7.1 Junior Members registering Herdbook animals must pay a Prefix application fee to the Society. The maximum number of female cattle held by a junior member is 10 head unless Council gives exception.
- 2.7.2 Such applications shall be accepted in the case of Junior Members to 25 years. In the case of an application under the age of sixteen years, a Full Financial Member shall countersign the application form. The counter signature shall be regarded as a guarantee by that member of the fees payable to the society in respect of the animals sought to be registered.

2.8 Commercial Membership:

Commercial Members recording animals in the Red Performance Register (RPR) must pay the prescribed Prefix Application Fee. Commercial Members are not permitted to transfer animals as Herdbook Registered Stock.

3 PREFIX, TATTOO AND BRAND:

Every person, before applying to enter a calf in the Herd Book or RPR shall record with the Society: -

- 3.1 A prefix, which shall be used as a prefix to and part of the name of every animal of which they are the Breeder, and which is submitted for registration in the Herd Book, Herd Book B or RPR. A once only fee is applicable to register a prefix.
- 3.2 A distinguishing tattoo mark which may be the Herd Identifier (Must be three characters) an unique symbol tattoo or a unique freeze brand.
- 3.3 A fire brand, freeze brand or other approved brand (if used and recorded with the Society).

The prefix and the tattoo mark respectively shall be distinctive, and shall not so resemble that of any other prefix or tattoo mark recorded by any other person with the Society, as, in the opinion of the Council, to tend to be misleading. The council may decline to register any prefix which, in the opinion of the Council, resembles the prefix, stud name or stud property of some other breeder of stud stock, whether cattle or otherwise and whether in Australia or elsewhere.

Regulation 6 (h) Every calf submitted for entry within 90 days of birth must be either tattooed in one ear, with the herd identifier or symbol tattoo; year letter and distinguishing number or freeze branded with the registered herd brand; year letter and distinguishing number. The Society will accept any combination of tattoo or freeze brand to identify an animal. The Society recommends that a second permanent identification (Freeze/Fire Brand or second tattoo) also be used. No tattoo or freeze brand once applied can be altered without the permission of the Society.

4. HERD INVENTORY

- 4.1 An annual Herd Inventory fee shall be paid for each breeding female obtaining 2 years and over within the inventory year (1st January to 31st December). Females for which the annual Herd Inventory fees are paid will be designated as "Active".
- 4.2 Inactive females may be reinstated to "Active" status by the payment of a Reinstatement Fee including the current Herd Inventory fee. Reinstatement to "Active" status allows registration of the current year's progeny only.
- 4.3 A Female Inventory List will be provided by the Society to members in each inventory year showing the registration status of all "Active" females for which Herd Inventory fees are due.
- 4.4 No calves can be registered for a particular inventory year until all Herd Inventory fees are paid for that year and the "Active" list of females is finalized by the member.
- 4.5 An active female is entitled to register the progeny from one gestation per breeding year that Female Inventory fees have been paid for. No additional fees will be charged for
 - (i) Multiple natural calves born i.e. Twins/Triplets
 - (ii) The second natural calf born from a dam in any one year i.e. (Calves born Jan/Dec in the same year)
- 4.6 ET calves will be registered on receipt of the prescribed fees in the current Schedule of payments.
- 4.7 Herdbook females upon payment of their annual FIS may have their calf recorded in the Red Performance Register. RPR recorded females may be reinstated to their Herdbook status upon receipt of all applicable fees and adherence to the Standard of excellence. When a member downgrades a Herdbook registered animal to another register and subsequently sells that animal, the purchaser cannot reinstate the animal into the Herdbook unless they were the Breeder of that animal or has the breeders' written permission.
- 4.8 Late Payment Fees will be applied if Herd Inventory fees are not paid by the prescribed date.
- 4.9 Where a female is the subject of a lease agreement the lessee will be liable for payment of the prescribed Herd Inventory fees during the lease period.

5. RECORDING OF ANIMALS

Red Angus Society of Australia animal recording categories include:

- i) Herdbook
- ii) Herdbook B
- iii) Red Performance Register (RPR)

The Council may introduce new Registers from time to time as it determines.

All stock submitted for entry in the Herd Book must be the progeny of Sires and Dams registered in the Herd Book of the Society, or Sires and Dams transferred from any other Herd Book, Register or Appendix as may be approved for the purpose by the Council.

- (a) All stock must have been tattooed with the herd identifier, year letter and Distinguishing number.
- (b) Fees as prescribed by the Society must be paid in advance.
- (c) Females in Appendix A may be mated to bulls in Herd Book B or Bulls registered in the Red Angus Herd Book. The progeny of such mating shall be eligible for entry in Herd Book B. Entry to the Appendix A facility was closed from 30th December 1997.
- (d) Progeny of females in Herd Book B mated to bulls in Herd Book B or to Herdbook bulls registered in the Red Angus Herd Book will be eligible for registration in the Herdbook.
- (e) All Angus males and females already registered in the Australian Angus Herd Book or any animal registered in any other Herd Book recognized by the Red Angus Society of Australia will be eligible immediately for the Red Angus Herd Book subject to Clause 8 of these regulations. All Black Angus entered in either the Herdbook or Herd Book B must be described as Black.
- (f) Angus Society of Australia Performance Register (APR) males and females will only be accepted into the Herdbook if they qualify for Angus Society of Australia Herdbook status.
- (g) The Council may cancel registration of any animal in the Herd Book if it can be found that the particulars furnished in the application for registration in the Herd Book are incorrect in any material particular. The Council may thereupon cancel the registration of any descendant of such animal or may allow the entry or registration of the descendant to remain and may make such correction in the description of the descendant in the Herd Book as the Council may consider proper.

5.1 Red Performance Register (RPR)

The Red Performance Register (RPR) was introduced at the September 2002 Meeting of Council. The RPR allows Financial Members to record pure Red Angus/Angus animals otherwise not eligible for the Herd Book in a performance register. Non pure Red Angus will also be accepted for recording within the RPR.

Pure Angus RPR animals will be included in GROUP BREEDPLAN analysis if they have weights submitted to BREEDPLAN. Non pure Red Angus/Angus will be analyzed as part of Group BREEDPLAN when sufficient records are available.

Those who wish to record only RPR animals may join the Society as Commercial Members.

5.2 More than one Herd:

If and so long as a person has more than one herd of registered Red Angus Cattle whether running on the same property, or not, he may record with the Society and use a prefix, tattoo mark, and/or fire brand in respect of each herd. In such case the tattoo numbers used in association with each tattoo mark or fire brand shall run consecutively regardless of numbers used by such person in association with any other tattoo or brand.

6. REGISTRATION IN HERDBOOK:

The following regulations shall apply to registration in the Herd Book: -

- (a) A calf calved in Australia shall be submitted for registration within 365 days of its birth; no calf over the age of 24 months shall be eligible for entry except with the consent of the Council. Any calf submitted for registration greater than 12 months will incur a late fee.

- (b) Every calf submitted for entry must be the progeny of a sire and dam which are registered in the Herd Book, Herd Book B or Appendix A at the date of entry or in such other Herd Book as may be approved by the Council for the purpose.
- (c) It shall be a requirement for the registration of all Herd Book calves born after 01/01/09 that their sire be DNA profiled. A DNA Sire verification is required for all herd sires from the 1st January 2017 (to be applied where SNP DNA profiles are available for both sires, older sires profiled prior to November 1st, 2014, may not have a SNP DNA profile recorded to complete sire verification). Calves that are recorded to reflect the dam's production and are not registered can be recorded without a DNA on the sire.
- (d) Where the breeder of a calf submitted for entry was not the owner of the dam at the time she was served to produce such calf, the application for entry shall be accompanied by a service certificate evidencing a parentage of the calf;
- (e) For a calf to be eligible for Herdbook registration its dam at time of joining if exposed to multiple sires must have had a period of 28 days from the date of last service before being exposed to another sire.
- (f) No calf shall be entered if of a colour foreign to the Angus breed or if it shall carry white skin above the underline, or on or in front of the navel scar or on a leg or foot. Except that animal having birth marks or white hairs on red skin.
- (g) No calf shall be entered into the Herdbook or registers if it shall have scurs or horns;
- (h) Every calf submitted for entry within 90 days of birth must be either tattooed in one ear, with the herd identifier or symbol tattoo; year letter and distinguishing number or freeze branded with the registered herd brand; year letter and distinguishing number. The Society will accept any combination of tattoo or freeze brand to identify an animal. The Society recommends that a second permanent identification (Freeze/Fire Brand or second tattoo) also be used. No tattoo or freeze brand once applied can be altered without the permission of the Society.
- (i) The year letter tattooed shall be the letter, which denotes the breeding year in which the calf was calved. The distinguishing number shall so far as is practicable indicate the order in point of time in which the calf was calved in relation to other calves (regardless of sex) of such breeder bearing the same tattoo mark and calved in the same breeding year and tendered for entry. The breeding number to commence from one each year (1st January to 31st December);
- (j) The letter "V" shall signify the breeding year commencing 1st January, 2000, the letter "W" shall signify the breeding year commencing 1st January, 2001, and so on in sequence through the alphabet ("I" and "O" are not be used);
- (k) In the case of any State in which the tattooing of a letter in the ear is illegal it will be sufficient if instead of the letter denoting the breeding year a numeral be used corresponding to the last numeral of the calendar year in which the second day of January of that year occurs;
- (l) No two calves of the same first owner shall be tattooed with the same number, or be branded with the same stud number.
- (m) The number allocated by the Council to each animal registered in the Herd Book will consist of the herd identifier, year letter and distinguishing number.
- (n) The registered name of every Black Angus shall include in brackets the word "Black" immediately following the name of the animal;
- (o) AI and ET and Imp to be shown after the name when applicable;
- (p) Registration of an animal under a particular name may be refused if the name, including prefix and including any numeral forming part of the name, shall exceed twenty-five letters (including figures);
- (q) A name must not be so like the name of another registered animal as to be likely to mislead;
- (r) Names of established families or of established studs (whether in Australia or elsewhere) or of celebrated animals (whether in Australia or elsewhere) may only be applied to an animal having some ancestral claim thereto and shall not be used if such use is, in the opinion of the Council, likely to be misleading;

- (s) Members wishing to apply more than one stud prefix to a calf's name at registration must have each stud recorded as part owners of the dam at the birth date of the calf. The Society will not accept the use of a non-owner stud prefix (Australian or Overseas) in the name of a calf.
- (t) The Council may refuse to allow any name or any prefix or any tattoo mark which, in its absolute discretion, it considers to be misleading, misapplied or contrary to the interests of the members of the Society generally;
- (u) The name of an animal shall not be changed after registration except with the approval of the Council and upon any change being made in accordance with these regulations, a proper record shall be made by the Secretary in the Herd Book and in any relative certificate of registration and elsewhere, as may be required, in order to avoid confusion;
- (v) Progeny got by AI will be eligible for registration in the Herd Book providing
 - a. The donor sire is recorded with the Society, if the member applying for registration is not the beneficial owner of the donor sire.
 - b. If the Member is the beneficial owner that Member does not have to make the bull a Donor if using the semen in his/her herd.
- (w) Any animal got by ET will be eligible for registration in the Herd Book
 - i. providing the following criteria has been met when applying for Herd Book Registration:-
 - a. The dam and sire are recorded with the Society as donors
 - b. Blood type or DNA certificates for both sire and dam are recorded with the Society.
 - c. If the donor animals are not beneficially owned by the applicant then copies of the Herd Book certificates are to be attached to the Herd Book application form together with a service certificate signed by the owner of the donor animals stating the number and date the embryos were sold to the applicant.

7. DONOR ANIMALS FOR USE IN ARTIFICIAL BREEDING

Application for Donor Status will be granted when the following information is recorded with the Society. A donor constitutes either an AI sire, Embryo Transfer donor or clone parent.

- (i) Registration with the Red Angus Society Herdbook or Appendixes. (Female current active FIS status)
- (ii) A DNA profile on file.
- (iii) **A DNA Parent verification for AI sires from the 1st July 2011.** If the AI sire cannot be parent verified as a consequence of no DNA profile of a parent, the animal will be accepted with the provision of a Statutory Declaration that DNA material is unavailable from the parent. The prescribed fees to be paid as stipulated by the society.
- (iv) A negative DNA mannosidosis result for AI sires. **See Clause 7 (ix)*
- (v) A negative DNA mannosidosis result for all donor females, born overseas. **See Clause 7 (ix)*
- (vi) A negative DNA mannosidosis result for any animal to be cloned. **See Clause 7 (ix)*
- (vii) A **negative** result for Osteopetrosis (OS), Arthrogyposis Multiplex (AM), Neuropathic Hydrocephalus (NH) for AI sires. **See Clause 7 (ix)*
- (viii) A free by inheritance pedigree for any genetic condition will be accepted if submitted with DNA parent verification to the tested parents.
- (ix) The Council may request any genetic tests from time to time on any donor animal.
- (x) Any overseas sire that has been used to sire embryos and will not have semen released in Australia will be recorded in a Genetic Sire category. These sires must meet all regulations for an AI sire.
- (xi) The Red Angus Society accepts no responsibility for contractual marketing rights or obligations between parties regarding the use of an AI Sire.

8. CONGENITAL CONDITIONS

- a. Members who become aware of a possible genetic defect that has occurred in their herd have the responsibility to immediately notify the RASA. The reporting member will be provided a document to explain the abnormality, and instructions on the proper techniques for collecting and shipping materials from the abnormal animal. Appropriate DNA samples from both the sire and dam of the calf suspected of having a genetic defect will also be required to verify parentage.
- b. The Council reserves the right to test any animal in the Herdbook for a suspected congenital defect that is detrimental to the Herdbook.
- c. Test results of congenital conditions will be recorded and notated in the animals name, printed on registration certificates and displayed on the Internet Herdbook. Proven carriers of congenital conditions will be advised to the membership. Defects will be notated with the following codes: Mannosidosis (MA), Osteopetrosis (OS), Arthrogyrosis Multiplex (AM), Neuropathic Hydrocephalus (NH).
- d. Animals in the Herdbook will be notated in their name with a three-character reference to the applicable condition if a test result is available. (two character code for the condition, 1 character indicating status). Tested free = **F** Tested carrier = **C**
- e. The following regulations apply from 1st October 2009

8.1 Mannosidosis (MA)

- 8.1.1 From the 1/12/09 no known carrier of Mannosidosis will be eligible for registration in the RASA Herdbook from an external Herdbook.
- 8.1.2 Animals born prior to 31/12/09 with an identified parent proven to be a carrier of Mannosidosis will be accepted for registration but will require to be tested for Mannosidosis and their status recorded on the database before any progeny may be registered.
- 8.1.3 Progeny born after the 01/1/10 from any registered animal proven to be a carrier of Mannosidosis are not eligible for registration unless certified negative to an approved test for the relevant congenital condition.
- 8.1.4 Progeny resulting from frozen embryos purchased from overseas or produced in Australia prior to 31/12/08 where a donor sire or dam is deceased with no stored DNA material and a test result for Mannosidosis is not possible, will be eligible for registration on receipt of the original donor flush sheet and proof of purchase date if imported. The progeny of such donor animals will be required to be tested for Mannosidosis. Carriers will be accepted after the 01/01/10 in this instance but will be subject to all restrictions in these regulations.
- 8.1.5 Any animal proven to be a carrier of Mannosidosis cannot be recorded as a Donor animal from the 01/02/09.
- 8.1.6 Any animal proven to be a carrier of Mannosidosis cannot be transferred from the herd of origin. Progeny of a known carrier of Mannosidosis born before 31/12/09 cannot be transferred until a negative test for the relevant condition is received.

8.2 Osteopetrosis (OS)

- 8.2.1 It is the responsibility of all RASA members to be aware that animals containing an OS tested carrier animal in their pedigree without an intervening OS tested free animal have the potential to be an OS carrier animal.
- 8.2.2 Animals applying for registration whose pedigree Gene Prob analysis indicates a carrier probability higher than 12.5% without an intervening OS tested free animal must be tested by an RASA approved facility to determine if the animal is a carrier, or free of OS.
- 8.2.3 The test to determine OS status must be recorded with the RASA prior to an application for transfer to another herd.

8.2.4 Animals confirmed to be carriers of OS are eligible for registration.

8.3 Arthrogryposis Multiplex (AM)

8.3.1 It is the responsibility of all RASA members to be aware that animals containing an AM tested carrier animal in their pedigree without an intervening AM tested free animal have the potential to be an AM carrier animal.

8.3.2 Animals applying for registration whose pedigree Gene Prob analysis indicates a carrier probability higher than 12.5% without an intervening AM tested free animal must be tested by an RASA approved facility to determine if the animal is a carrier, or free of AM.

8.3.3 The test to determine AM status must be recorded with the RASA prior to an application for transfer to another herd.

8.3.4 Animals confirmed to be carriers of AM are eligible for registration.

8.4 Neuropathic Hydrocephalus (NH)

8.4.1 It is the responsibility of all RASA members to be aware that animals containing an NH tested carrier animal in their pedigree without an intervening NH tested free animal have the potential to be an NH carrier animal.

8.4.2 Animals applying for registration whose pedigree Gene Prob analysis indicates a carrier probability higher than 12.5% without an intervening NH tested free animal must be tested by an RASA approved facility to determine if the animal is a carrier, or free of NH.

8.4.3 The test to determine NH status must be recorded with the RASA prior to an application for transfer to another herd.

8.4.4 Animals confirmed to be carriers of NH are eligible for registration.

9. DNA TESTING/BLOOD TYPING

The Council shall have the right to use DNA Testing, blood typing or any other technology to determine the parentage or genetic make-up of any animal.

9.1 From the 1st November 2014 only SNP DNA will be accepted for DNA profiles with the Red Angus Society of Australia.

10. TRANSFERS

(a) Application for the transfer of ownership will be made on the transfer section on the reverse of the registration certificate.

(b) If a female has been joined then joining details are to be supplied on the transfer certificate.

(c) The transfer application signed by the registered owner and prescribed fees is to be submitted to the Society within 90 days of sale. Males will be transferred free of charge.

(d) The Transferor shall pay the prescribed fee in respect of each female transfer.

(e) The Council reserves the discretionary right to adjust the fees applicable in respect for volume transfers of animals into the Herdbook.

(f) A late fee shall be payable in addition to the ordinary fee and shall be payable in respect of each transfer made (unless the Council shall otherwise determine) after the expiration of the time within which a transfer should be made (Ninety days).

(g) Where a transfer submitted for registration is expressed to be by way of lease, the Lessee shall at the expiration or sooner determination of the lease, submit to the Secretary for registration a transfer of the animal to the Lessor;

The Council may at any time upon such evidence as to such expiration or determination as it considers sufficient, call upon the Lessee to submit such transfer. If he/she shall fail to do so, the Council may record a transfer and re-register the Lessor as the owner of the animal in place of the Lessee;

(h) A transfer by a member of the Society in favour of his or her spouse and / or one or more of his/her children by name or by a firm or company as sole transferee(s) and comprising all animals of which he is registered as the owner in the Herdbook, Herdbook B, or Appendix A may be approved by the

Council and may be recorded without a fee. Provided that all members of such firm and all shareholders and directors of such Company are respectively either partner, son or daughter of such member;

- (i) A member transferor shall be responsible to the Council of the Society to physically check the tattoos applied pursuant to regulation 6 (f) to a registered animal before the animal is delivered or consigned to the purchaser. If the tattoos cannot be clearly read, or an error has been made on the Herdbook Registration Form, it shall be reported by the transferor to the Council, forthwith, for direction. An animal shall not be re-tattooed without first gaining permission from the Council. Should it be necessary to re-apply tattoos, in whole or portion, the tattoos shall be re-applied to the animal in the presence of an official, appointed by the Council. After which, the Official shall report to the Council to enable the records of the Society to be corrected accordingly; A transferee shall be responsible to the Council of the Society to physically check the recorded tattoos applied pursuant to Regulation 6 (f), to a registered animal immediately the animal is received from the transferor. If the tattoos cannot be clearly read, particulars of such are reported by the transferee to the Council, forthwith, for direction. An animal shall not be re-tattooed without first gaining permission from the Council. Should it be necessary to re-apply tattoos, in whole or in portion, the tattoos shall be re-applied to the animal in the presence of an official, appointed by the Council. After which, the official shall report to the Council to enable the records of the Society to be notated accordingly.

11. SHARES IN AN ANIMAL

For the purpose of Herd Book Registration, the number of shares in any one animal will be limited to Four (4). The detail of any shareholding or changes in shareholding in any animal is to be advised to the Secretary by way of a transfer application.

12. DEREGISTRATION

The Council may upon the written application of its registered owner deregister any animal at a specified date and thereupon the cancellation of such registration as at the specified date shall be recorded in the Herd Book. The Council may refuse to accept and/or to record any application for registration in the Herd Book or a Transfer of an animal if the applicant has failed to pay in full any subscription fee or charge payable by him to the Society and overdue as at a time of the receipt of such application by the Society.

(a) Cancellation of Registration:

The Council may:-

- (i) Decline to register any animal in the Herd Book or to record the transfer of any animal if the person applying for such registration shall fail to pay upon demand any fee payable in respect of the relative application for registration.
- (ii) Cancel any registration of an animal in the Herd Book of the person for the time being recorded as the owner of such animal shall fail to pay to the Society within 60 days after demand for payment has been made by the Society any moneys certified by the Society's auditor to be payable whether such moneys be payable in respect of annual subscription or for fees or for moneys advanced or for goods supplied or for goods purchased by him or ordered by him or by an invitee of his at any dinner or other Society function or in respect of anything else and the auditor's certificate shall be sufficient evidence and be binding upon any such person as to the origin and amount of such liability.
- (iii) Cancel the registration in the Herd Book of any animal sold exchanged leased or otherwise disposed of if no application for transfer of such animal were lodged with the Secretary pursuant to these regulations or if the prescribed fee were not paid within four months of such disposition.
- (iv) Cancel the registration of an animal in the Herd Book that carries a gene determined detrimental to the Red Angus breed.
- (v) Cancel the registration of any animal proven to be inconsistent with the stated parentage.

- (b) Deregistration of any animal shall not affect the registration of any calf which such animal is the sire or dam if the registration of such animal was recorded during the period of registration of such animal.
- (c) Deregistration shall not constitute a disqualification from re-registration.

13. APPLICATION FORMS

- (a) Application for registration in the Herd Book and Herd Book B and application for transfer shall be made in the respective forms from time to time prescribed by the Council;
- (b) All information required in the prescribed form shall be set out in the application;
- (c) The Council may require such additional information as it may think fit before accepting any animal for registration in the Herd Book or Herd Book B or before approving any application for transfer.

14. TATTOO

Nothing in these regulations shall compel any person or member to tattoo or otherwise mark any animal of which he is the breeder, except as a condition to registration in the Herd Book or Herd Book B.

15. STUD RECORDS

It shall be the duty of every member being the owner of a registered female to keep proper records of the stud breeding activities. All such records so kept shall be open for inspection by any person authorized by the Council to inspect the same, and any such person shall be at liberty to take such extracts therefore, as he may think fit.

16. CONDITIONS OF SALE

The Council may approve, adopt and/or prescribe standard Conditions of Sale applicable to sales of bulls and/or females registered in the Herd Book of the Society.

Guidelines for Show/Sale of Registered Cattle

- (a) Each animal offered, as 'registered' over the age of 9 months, shall be registered in the Herd Book, Herd Book B or Appendix A of the Society. A valid certificate of registration or copy of application for registration must be available at time of sale as evidence of Society registration.
- (b) The Society reserve the right to inspect any animal entered for Society sponsored show and/or sales or Royal Shows, and to reject any animals without being required to give any reason.
- (c) All sales advertising and any sale catalogue shall bring to the attention of prospective buyers all pertinent information concerning the identification, registration status, pedigree and particulars of breeding of animals offered for sale.
- (d) All animals entering a show/sale ring shall be legibly tattooed prior to arriving at the show/sale. In the case of illegible tattoos, the animals must be re-tattooed with the permission of the Council and in the presence of a person nominated by the Council.
- (e) Red-coated Angus only, can be exhibited at Royal Shows in Red Angus classes. No animal of a colour foreign to this can be shown.
- (f) At all Red Angus Society sponsored sales, all sale animals must be red-coated. Any genetic lots including joinings or embryos must be with a registered Red Angus red-coated animal.

17. DISPERSALS

When a sale is advertised as dispersal the Society will not normally accept any further registrations under the associated prefix after a period of ninety (90) days of the sale.

Members who have had a dispersal sale shall be ineligible to register or record in the Herdbook in the dispersing stud prefix any genetic material for a period of three (3) years from the date of the dispersal sale or the last sale of a multi stage dispersal sale.

APPENDIX 1.1 DEFINITIONS

"These Regulations" mean the regulations of the Society from time to time in force.

"The Herd Book" means the Herd Book of the Society. Herd Book B and Appendix A denotes the list of all cattle accepted for upgrading to Herd Book standard.

"Herd Identifier" means the unique combination of letters issued by the Society to identify any herd.

"Ident Number", in relation to an animal denotes the number, letter or combination of letters and numbers allocated by the Society to an animal registered in the Herd Book.

"Registered" in relation to an animal denotes registered in the Herd Book, Herd Book B or Appendix A.

"Registered Owner" in relation to an animal denotes the person recorded in the Herd Book as the owner of that animal.

"Breeding Year". Each breeding year shall commence on the 1st day of January and end on each following 31st day of December.

"Breeder" of an animal calved in Australia after the 20th day of August, 1970, denotes the person registered or entitled to be registered as the owner of the dam of that animal at the date when the animal is calved.

"The recorded owner or lessee of the dam or recipient dam of an animal at the time of birth of the animal will be the designated Breeder of the animal"

"Date of Sale" and "Date of Transfer" shall respectively be the date on which ownership passes to the transferee. The date of sale or date of transfer shall be deemed to be that set out as such in the transfer submitted to and recorded by the Society.

"Imported" - the term imported in relation to an animal shall denote that the animal has been imported into Australia, the name or a contraction (e.g. initials) of the name of that country shall be used with the words "imp" to indicate the country of origin of the animal.

A calf calved after shipment and during transit of its dam to Australia shall be deemed to have been calved in Australia, and to be imported in dam and, subject to these regulations, to be eligible for entry into the Herd Book.

"Recorded with the Society" in relation to an animal means that it is registered in the Herd Book or recorded in Society registers.

"Animal" is an embryo, calf or adult bovine.

"Artificial Breeding" is any form of gaining a calf born as a result of other than a natural mating.